Financial Statements of

RAVENSOURCE FUND

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

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Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Unitholders of Ravensource Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ravensource Fund (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017
- the statements of comprehensive income for the years then ended
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the years then ended
- the statements of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

 the information included in Management Report of Fund Performance to be filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditors' report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditors' report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



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Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.



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 Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditors' report is James Loewen.

Toronto, Canada

LPMG LLP

February 28, 2019

Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 8,854,534	\$ 1,796,026
(note 10) (cost - \$17,912,250; 2017 - \$21,114,258) Interest and dividends receivable	21,099,245 51,812	23,405,143 84,505
	30,005,591	25,285,674
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Foreign exchange contract (note 10) Management and administrative fees payable	97,585 161,685	82,786 -
(note 4(b) and (c)) Incentive fee payable (note 4(d))	53,583 884,580	38,322 116,997
moentive tee payable (note 4(a))	1,197,433	238,105
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 28,808,158	\$ 25,047,569
Number of redeemable units outstanding (note 6)	1,672,870	1,672,870
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit (note 5)	\$ 17.22	\$ 14.97

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Trust:

Stornoway Portfolio Management Inc., as Investment Manager

Statements of Comprehensive Income

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Income:				
Dividends and income trust distributions	\$	288,140	\$	150,440
Interest income for distribution purposes	·	276,043	•	87,554
		564,183		237,994
Net change in fair value on financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss and foreign exchange contract:				
Net realized gain on financial assets, including				
foreign exchange adjustments		4,422,508		4,430,494
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets		896,112		(2,563,250)
Net change in unrealized loss on foreign exchange				
contract		(161,685)		
Net change in fair value on financial assets and				
foreign exchange contract		5,156,935		1,867,244
		5,721,118		2,105,238
Expenses (income):				
Management fees (note 4(b))		194,286		177,938
Administrative fees (note 4(c))		104,616		95,812
Impact of management and				
administrative fee reductions (note 4(a))		(94,071)		(128,413)
Incentive fee (note 4(d))		884,580		116,997
Legal fees		100,417		45,554
Interest		90,752		57,289
Independent review committee fees		32,260		11,600
Accounting fees		30,510		29,407
Transaction costs		29,380		13,698
Audit fees		26,577		29,388
Listing fees		19,870		22,583
Trust administration and transfer agency fees		15,309		12,026
Investor relations fees (note 4(e))		13,600		13,560
Other		10,582 1,458,668		7,305 504,744
		1,430,000		304,744
Increase in net assets attributable to	_			
holders of redeemable units	\$	4,262,450	\$	1,600,494
Average number of units outstanding		1,672,870		1,672,870
Increase in not accete attributable to				
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit	\$	2.55	\$	0.96
	Ψ	2.00	Ψ	0.00

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of year	\$ 25,047,569	\$ 24,066,037
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Increase in net assets attributable to		
holders of redeemable units	4,262,450	1,600,494
Capital transactions:		
Units tendered for redemption (note 5(c))	(932,867)	(1,432,526)
Recirculation of units tendered for redemption (note 5(c))	932,867	1,432,526
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable		
units (note 5(d))	(501,861)	(618,962)
	(501,861)	(618,962)
Net assets attributable to holders of		
redeemable units, end of year	\$ 28,808,158	\$ 25,047,569

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$ 1,796,026	\$ 3,209,544
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year:		
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase in net assets attributable to		
holders of redeemable units	4,262,450	1,600,494
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Net realized gain on financial assets,		
including foreign exchange adjustments	(4,422,508)	(4,430,494)
Net change in unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets	(896,112)	2,563,250
Net change in unrealized loss on foreign exchange	404.005	
contract	161,685	_
Change in non-cash balances:		
Decrease (increase) in interest and dividends receivable	32,693	(40,444)
Increase in accounts payable	32,093	(40,444)
and accrued liabilities	14,799	3,498
Increase (decrease) in incentive, management	14,799	3,490
and administrative fees payable	782,844	(21,759)
Proceeds from sale of investments	11,470,886	6,014,058
Purchase of investments	(3,699,638)	(6,643,230)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	7,707,099	(954,627)
Cook flows from (wood in) financing activities		
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities: Units tendered for redemption	(022 967)	(1 /22 526)
Recirculation of units tendered for redemption	(932,867) 932,867	(1,432,526) 1,432,526
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units,	932,007	1,432,320
net of reinvested distributions	(501,861)	(618,962)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(501,861)	(618,962)
THO COUST HOW USED IT III III III III III III III III III	(001,001)	(010,002)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(146,730)	160,071
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,058,508	(1,413,518)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,854,534	\$ 1,796,026
<u> </u>		
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ 90,752	\$ 57,289
Interest received	335,695	59,042
Dividends received	255,731	138,508

Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2018

Shares/unit/		Average	Fair	Fair value as % of net
par value	Investments owned	cost	value	asset value
<u>, </u>	Canadian equities:			
	·			
47,700		\$ 341,059	\$ 215,127	0.75
1,000	Crystallex International Corp.	90	_	_
85,770	Dundee Corp. Series 3 Preferred Shares	1,024,237	939,182	3.26
72,612	Dundee Corp. Series 2 Preferred Shares	877,560	799,458	2.78
574,896	Flow Capital Corp.	68,988	68,988	0.24
315,843	Glacier Media Inc.	483,043	183,189	0.64
21,100	GVIC Communications Corp. Class B	17,091	1,266	_
22,500	GVIC Communications Corp. Class C	18,045	1,125	_
35,288	Manitok Energy Inc.	4,241	_	_
655,000	Northern Frontier Corp.	1,187,071	_	_
248,033	Plaza Retail REIT	275,945	954,927	3.31
174,200	Supremex Inc.	396,824	425,048	1.48
83,900	Swiss Water Decaffeinated Coffee Inc.	237,487	416,983	1.45
		4,931,681	4,005,293	13.91
	U.S. equities:			
296,667	Firm Capital American Realty Partners Corp.	2,546,063	2,519,068	8.74
495,000	Genworth Financial Inc.	2,662,849	3,148,991	10.93
271,026	GXI Acquisition Corp. Class A	359,830	203,976	0.71
617,058	GXI Acquisition Corp. Class B	819,242	464,402	1.61
515,766	Old PSG Wind-Down Ltd.	700,858	366,131	1.27
13,157	Quad/Graphics Inc.	595,635	221,103	0.77
1,323,256	SeaCo Ltd.	_	_	_
2,026	Spanish Broadcasting System Inc.			
	Preferred Shares 10.75%	1,923,771	1,908,398	6.62
90,663	Specialty Foods Group LLC.			
	Post closing payment rights	_	196,137	0.68
		9,608,248	9,028,206	31.33
	Fixed income:			
3,721,000	Crystallex International Corp.			
	9.375% due Dec 30, 2011 *	1,989,710	6,457,598	22.42
2,000	Flow Capital Corp.	. ,	. ,	
•	7% due Jun 30, 2021	1,840	1,500	0.01
1,086,220	Flow Capital Corp.	,	•	
•	8% due Dec 31, 2019	868,588	1,010,185	3.50
432,000	Spanish Broadcasting System Inc.	,	. , -	
	12.5% due Apr 15, 2017 *	546,297	 596,379	2.07
		3,406,435	8,065,662	28.00

Schedule of Investments (continued)

December 31, 2018

Shares/unit/	Investments owned	Average cost	Fair value	Fair value as % of net asset value
	Warrants:			
8,375	Dundee Corp. \$6.00 Jun 30, 2019	8,933	84	<u> </u>
Net investments	vestments owned 17,955,297 21,099,245			
Foreign exchange contract: Sell \$11,250,000 USD, buy \$15,168,375 CAD @1.3483, March 21, 2019		_	(161,685)	(0.56)
Brokerage comr	nissions	(43,047)	_	
Total portfolio of investments		<u>\$ 17,912,250</u>	20,937,560	72.68
Other net assets			7,870,598	27.32
Net assets		\$	28,808,158	100.00

^{*} Defaulted

Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Trust organization and nature of operations:

The Ravensource Fund (the "Trust") is a closed-end investment trust which was created under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust, dated April 28, 1997, as amended January 15, 2001 and as further amended and restated as at August 22, 2003, July 1, 2008 and July 3, 2015. The Trust's units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (RAV.UN).

Computershare Trust Company of Canada acts as trustee for the Trust (the "Trustee"). At a special meeting of the Trust's unitholders, Stornoway Portfolio Management Inc., an Ontario corporation, was appointed as the investment manager (the "Investment Manager") of the Trust, effective July 1, 2008. The Trust's principal place of business is located at 30 St. Clair Avenue West, Suite 901, Toronto, Ontario M4V 3A1.

The Investment Manager provides portfolio management and administrative services to the Trust, subject to the overall supervision of the Trustee. The Investment Manager is authorized to invest the Trust's assets and make investment decisions on behalf of the Trust. Senior executives of the Investment Manager own 163,927 (2017 - 158,044) units, representing 9.8% (2017 - 9.4%) of the outstanding units as at December 31, 2018.

The capital of the Trust is represented by the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Trust, and comprises investments, cash and cash equivalents, and interest and dividends receivable, offset by liabilities of the Trust. As more fully outlined in the Declaration of Trust, the principal investment objective of the Trust is to achieve absolute annual returns, with an emphasis on capital gains, through investment in selected North American securities. The Trust will invest its property primarily in North American high yield and distressed debt securities, and in equity securities. The success of the Trust depends on the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and will be influenced by a number of risk factors, including liquidity risk, market risk, investment in options, and leverage from borrowed funds.

2. Basis of presentation:

The policies applied in these financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") in effect as at February 28, 2019, which is the date on which the financial statements were authorized for issue by the Investment Manager.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies:

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Trust:

- (a) Financial instruments:
 - (i) Recognition, initial measurement and classification:

For fiscal years beginning January 1, 2018, IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") has replaced International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 39, Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 introduces new classification and measurement requirements for financial instruments, including impairment on financial assets and hedge accounting.

This new standard requires assets to be classified based on the Trust's business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The standard includes three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"). It eliminates the existing IAS 39 categories of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification of financial liabilities.

There were no changes to the measurement basis of the Trust's financial instruments as a result of adopting IFRS 9, and consequently, there was no impact to net assets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, at fair value, with transaction costs recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Original classification of financial assets and liabilities under IAS 39 were:

- Designated as at FVTPL: financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss;
- Held-for-trading: financial assets held-for-trading;
- Loans and receivables: cash and cash equivalents and interest and dividends receivable; and
- Other financial liabilities: accounts payable and accrued liabilities, management and administrative fees payable and incentive fee payable.

Under IFRS 9, the Trust classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets at FVTPL: debt securities, equity investments and derivative financial instruments;
- Financial assets at amortized cost: all other financial assets are classified as at amortized cost;
- Financial liabilities at FVTPL: derivative financial instruments and securities sold short, if any; and
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost: all other financial liabilities are classified as at amortized cost.

The Trust does not classify any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 have been applied retrospectively, using the transitional provisions allowing the Trust to not restate comparative periods.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(ii) Fair value measurement:

Securities listed upon a recognized public stock exchange are valued at their closing bid prices as of the valuation dates. In a situation where, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, a market quotation for a security is inaccurate, unreliable, or not readily available, the fair value of the security is estimated using valuation techniques generally used in the industry. These techniques take into account market factors, valuation of similar securities and interest rates.

Short-term notes, treasury bills, bonds, asset-backed securities and other debt instruments traded in over-the-counter markets are valued at bid quotations provided by recognized investment dealers.

Securities not listed upon a recognized public stock exchange or not traded in over-thecounter markets are valued using valuation techniques, which take into account market factors, valuation of similar securities and interest rates.

The Trust recognizes financial instruments at fair value. Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at their trade dates. The Trust's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units is presented on the financial statements at the redemption amount as determined according to the Declaration of Trust. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost. Under this method, financial assets and financial liabilities reflect the amount required to be received or paid, discounted, when appropriate, at the contract's effective interest rate. The Trust's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of its investments and derivatives are identical to those used in measuring its net asset value for transactions with unitholders.

The Trust may enter into foreign exchange contracts to hedge itself against foreign currency exchange rate risk for its foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities in case of adverse foreign currency fluctuations against the U.S. dollar.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Forward currency transactions are classified as foreign exchange contracts in the Trust's financial statements and represent agreements for delayed delivery of specific currencies in which the seller agrees to make delivery at a specified future date of specified currencies. Risks associated with forward currency transactions are the inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their respective contracts and movements in fair value and exchange rates. The Trust considers the credit risk of the counterparty for forward currency transactions in evaluating potential credit risk and selecting counterparties to forward currency transactions.

(iii) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Trust and its custodian have agreed that in the event of a default, the custodian reserves the right to sell any and all property the Trust holds with the custodian or any of its affiliates, to offset any indebtedness the Trust may have.

(iv) Recognition/derecognition:

The Trust recognizes financial assets or financial liabilities on a trade date basis - the date it commits to purchase or sell the instruments. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the assets or liabilities are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income.

Other financial assets are derecognized when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or when the Trust transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The Trust derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Trust's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Income recognition:

Interest income is accrued daily and dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date

The interest for distribution purposes shown on the statements of comprehensive income represents the coupon interest received by the Trust accounted for on an accrual basis. The Trust does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities, except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.

Realized gain on sale of financial assets and the change in unrealized loss on financial assets are determined on an average cost basis. Average cost does not include amortization of premiums or discounts on fixed income securities with the exception of zero coupon bonds.

(c) Income taxes:

The Trust is taxable as a mutual fund trust under the Income Tax Act (Canada) on its income, including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. It is the intention of the Trust to distribute all of its net income and sufficient net realized capital gains so that the Trust will not be subject to income taxes.

(d) Foreign currency translation:

Transactions in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction dates. Assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are translated at the applicable exchange rates prevailing at the reporting dates. The functional currency of the Trust is the Canadian dollar. Resulting exchange differences are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income in net realized gain on financial assets and net change in unrealized loss on financial assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Transaction costs:

Transaction costs are expensed and are included in the statements of comprehensive income. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties.

(f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to use accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Trust's accounting policies. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Trust may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is the area with the most significant accounting judgements and estimates the Trust has made in preparing the financial statements. See note 10 for more information on fair value measurements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The assessment made by management on the date of initial application of IFRS 9 includes the determination of the business model within which a financial asset is held and the designation and revocation of previous designation of certain financial assets and financial liabilities as measured at FVTPL.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash positions, as well as any trades that are in transit as at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

(h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:

The net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of a particular class of units by the total number of units of that particular class outstanding at the end of the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per weighted average units outstanding during the year:

Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per weighted average unit outstanding during the year is based on the increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units attributed to each class of units, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding of that class during the year.

4. Related party transactions:

(a) Specialty Foods Group LLC. Services Agreement:

The Trust previously held an investment in the securities of Specialty Foods Group LLC ("SFG"). Another fund managed by the Investment Manager also held an investment in SFG securities. A senior executive of the Investment Manager was also a member of the Board of Managers of SFG. During 2012, the Investment Manager entered into a services agreement with SFG ("SFG Services Agreement"), whereby the Investment Manager would provide strategic advice and analysis to SFG and in return earn a fee for these services. As per its internal policy, the Investment Manager reduced the management fees and administrative fees that it charged to the Trust in order to pass along the economic benefit of the fees earned by the Investment Manager from the SFG Services Agreement in an amount proportionate to the Trust's relative investment in SFG securities.

On October 1, 2018, SFG was sold to Indiana Packers Corporation. On the completion of the sale of SFG to Indiana Packers Corporation, the SFG Services Agreement was terminated. Accordingly, the Investment Manager received the last payment under the SFG Services Agreement in Q3 2018.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Investment Manager reduced management fees by \$54,111 (2017 - \$73,866) and reduced administrative fees by \$29,137 (2017 - \$39,774), which would have been subject to harmonized sales tax ("HST"). Therefore, the total impact of the fee reductions amounted to \$94,071, inclusive of HST (2017 - \$128,413).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

4. Related party transactions (continued):

(b) Management fees:

The management fees payable to the Investment Manager are based on the Trust's average weekly net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units at the end of each week and payable on the last business day of each calendar month as follows:

Average weekly net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	Management fee
Up to and including \$250,000,000	0.65% plus HST
Between \$250,000,000 and \$500,000,000	0.60% plus HST
\$500,000,000 and more	0.55% plus HST

The net management fees for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to \$133,141 (2017 - \$94,469). The Investment Manager reduced the net management fees by \$54,111 (2017 - \$73,866), as described in further detail in (a). In the absence of the net management fee reduction, total net management fees would have amounted to approximately \$194,286, inclusive of HST (2017 - \$177,938). The net management fees payable as at December 31, 2018 amounted to \$34,829, including HST (2017 - \$24,909).

(c) Administrative fees:

Subject to the supervision of the Trustee, the Investment Manager agrees to be responsible for and provide certain administrative services to the Trust. The Trust will pay the Investment Manager a fee based on the Trust's average weekly net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units at the end of each week and payable on the last business day of each calendar month as follows:

Average weekly net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	Administrative fee
Up to and including \$250,000,000	0.35% plus HST
Between \$250,000,000 and \$500,000,000	0.30% plus HST
\$500,000,000 and more	0.25% plus HST

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

4. Related party transactions (continued):

The net administrative fees for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to \$71,691 (2017 - \$50,868). The Investment Manager reduced the net administrative fees by \$29,137 (2017 - \$39,774), as described in further detail in (a). In the absence of the net administrative fees reduction, total net administrative fees for 2018 would have amounted to approximately \$104,616, inclusive of HST (2017 - \$95,812). The net administrative fees payable as at December 31, 2018 amounted to \$18,754, including HST (2017 - \$13,413).

(d) Incentive fee:

An incentive fee will be payable to the Investment Manager in any year, equal to 20% of the amount by which the net asset attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit at the end of the year, adjusted for contributions, distributions and redemptions during the year, exceeds the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit at the beginning of the year by more than 5%, plus any shortfall from the prior year. This fee is accrued monthly but determined annually and paid after the annual audit of the Trust's financial statements is completed. Incentive fee expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to \$884,580 (2017 - \$116,997), inclusive of HST. The incentive fee payable as at December 31, 2018 amounted to \$884,580, including HST (2017 - \$116,997).

(e) Investor relations fees:

The Investment Manager is paid monthly investor relations fees of \$1,000 plus applicable sales tax for unitholder reporting and other services provided under a service agreement. The aggregate investor relations fees for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to \$13,600, inclusive of HST (2017 - \$13,560).

5. Unitholders' entitlements:

The unitholders' entitlements with respect to the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and distribution of income are generally as follows:

(a) Entitlement in respect of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:

A pro rata share of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Trust in the proportion that each unitholders' equity bears to the aggregate unitholders' equity.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

5. Unitholders' entitlements (continued):

(b) Tax designations and elections:

The Trustee shall file all tax returns, on behalf of the Trust, required by law.

(c) Redemption and recirculation of redeemable units:

By delivering an Annual Redemption Request to be received by the Trust's registrar and transfer agent on or before the twentieth business day prior to the applicable annual redemption date, being the valuation date following August 31 in any year ("Annual Redemption Date"), subject to compliance with applicable laws and the provisions, unitholders shall be entitled to require the Trust to redeem some or all of their units outstanding as net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as of the Annual Redemption Date.

The Trust has the right to enter into a Recirculation Agreement prior to the Annual Redemption Date with one or more investment dealers designated by the Investment Manager (a "Recirculation Agent"). Through the recirculation process, interested purchasers have the opportunity to purchase units surrendered for redemption prior to the Annual Redemption Payment Date. During the year ended December 31, 2018, 56,961 units (2017 - 103,698) of the 56,961 redeemable units tendered for redemption (2017 - 103,698) were recirculated.

(d) Distributions:

The Trust intends to make semi-annual distributions to unitholders of record as of the last valuation date of each of June and December in each calendar year, of such amount per unit as the Trustee, upon consultation with the Investment Manager, may determine. It is anticipated that the annual distribution will be at least equal to the net capital gains plus the net income of the Trust for that year, net of any tax losses brought forward from prior years.

During the year, the Trust made distributions of \$0.15 per unit on June 29, 2018 and \$0.15 per unit on December 28, 2018 for total distributions of \$501,861 (2017 - \$618,962).

As at December 31, 2018, the Trust had cumulative net capital losses of \$9,307,590 (2017 - \$13,896,501) for income tax purposes that may be carried forward and applied to reduce future net capital gains.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

5. Unitholders' entitlements (continued):

As at December 31, 2018, the Trust had non-capital losses of \$282,617 (2017 - \$320,011) for income tax purposes that may be carried forward and applied to reduce future years' taxable income.

6. Redeemable units of the Trust:

The Trust is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable units of beneficial interest, each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Trust. Each redeemable unit entitles the holder to one vote and to participate equally with respect to any and all distributions made by the Trust. The redemption price per unit will be equal to the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit calculated on the redemption date.

	2018	2017
Redeemable units, beginning of year Redeemable units tendered for redemption Recirculation of redeemable units tendered for redemption	1,672,870 (56,961) 56,961	1,672,870 (103,698) 103,698
Redeemable units, end of year	1,672,870	1,672,870

7. Expenses:

The Investment Manager has the power to incur and make payment out of the Trust's property any charges or expenses which, in the opinion the Investment Manager, are necessary or incidental to, or proper for, carrying out any of the purposes of the Declaration of Trust, including without limitation all fees and expenses relating to the management and administration of the Trust. The Trust will be responsible for any income or excise taxes and brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions.

8. Indemnification of the Investment Manager:

The Trust has indemnified the Investment Manager (and each of its directors and officers) from and against all liabilities and expenses, reasonably incurred by the Investment Manager, other than liabilities and expenses incurred as a result of the Investment Manager's willful misconduct, bad faith or negligence. There were no claims or expenses against the Investment Manager requiring indemnification during the year ended December 31, 2018 (2017 - nil).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management:

Managing the risks of the investment portfolio is a critical element of the investment management process. The Investment Manager's overall risk management process seeks to minimize the potentially adverse effect of risk on its financial performance in a manner that is consistent with the Trust's investment mandate. To accomplish this goal, the Investment Manager utilizes a range of well-established tools and methods to manage the risk of the Trust.

With the ability of taking both long and short positions, the Trust may incur both interest expense and borrowing fees. While the use of borrowed funds can substantially improve the return on invested capital, its use may also increase the adverse impact to which the investment portfolio of the Trust may be subjected by increasing the Trust's exposure to capital risk and higher current expenses. The Trust did not use any borrowed funds as at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

In the normal course of business, the Trust is exposed to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk). The value of investments within the Trust's portfolio can fluctuate on a daily basis as a result of changes in interest rates, economic conditions, market and company news related to specific securities within the Trust. The level of risk depends on the Trust's investment objectives and the type of securities it invests in.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Trust. Where the Trust invests in debt instruments and derivatives, this represents the main concentration of credit risk. The market value of debt instruments and derivatives includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the majority of the credit risk exposure of the Trust. All transactions executed by the Trust in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold takes place once the broker has received payment, and purchases are paid for once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

As at December 31, 2018, the market value of the Trust's debt portfolio was \$8,065,662 (28.0% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units) (2017 - \$5,092,517 (20.3% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units)), and comprised of non-rated bonds (3.5% and 8.3% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively) and defaulted bonds (24.5% and 12.0% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively).

As at December 31, 2018, the market value of the Trust's foreign exchange contract was (\$161,685) (2017 - nil), entered into in order to hedge the Trust's exposure to the U.S. dollar. The Bank of Montreal was the counterparty which is rated AA by DBRS.

(b) Liquidity risk:

The Trust's cash and cash equivalent positions are a readily available source of liquidity. The Investment Manager utilizes the Trust's liquidity to make investments on behalf of the Trust and to meet the Trust's financial obligations as they become due. In addition, the Trust can raise additional liquidity through the sale of its investments.

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Trust may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk primarily relates to the annual redemption of units. As per the Declaration of Trust, the Trust has 35 business days' notice to make a redemption payment, during which time the Investment Manager can raise sufficient cash to satisfy the payment. In addition, the Trust has the right to resell units tendered for redemption.

One measure of the Trust's liquidity to meet any such obligation is the amount of cash, cash equivalent positions and listed securities held by the Trust, expressed as a percentage of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. As of December 31, 2018, the Trust held \$19,760,758 of cash and publicly listed securities (2017 - \$13,751,058) or 68.6% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (2017 - 54.9%). While the Investment Manager believes that all of the Trust's securities can be sold within the applicable 35-business-day notice period, it may not be able to do so without adversely impacting transaction prices.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

(c) Market risk:

(i) Currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises from financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) that are denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which represents the functional and presentational currency of the Trust. The Trust may enter into foreign exchange contracts for hedging purposes to reduce its foreign currency exposure. The Trust's exposure to another currency is as follows:

2018:

			Ex	posui	re		attri to ho	f +/- 1% t assets butable lders of emable units
Currency		Cash and cash equivalents	Financial assets		Foreign exchange contract	Total		Total
United States dollar	\$	13,296	\$ 16,082,183	\$	(15,330,060)	\$ 765,419	\$	7,654
% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable unit	ts	0.1	55.8		(53.2)	2.7		0.0

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

2017:

		E	(posur	e		on r at to l	of +/- 1% net assets tributable nolders of deemable units
Currency	Cash and cash equivalents	Financial assets		Foreign exchange contract	Total		Total
United States dollar	\$ (3,035,736)	\$ 13,954,833	\$	_	\$ 10,919,097	\$	109,191
% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	s (12.1)	55.7		-	43.6		0.5

As at December 31, 2018, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all currencies, with all other variables held constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately 0.0% (\$7,654) (2017 - 0.5% (\$109,191)). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments. Interest rate risk arises when the Trust invests in interest-bearing financial instruments. The Trust is exposed to the risk that the value of such financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. There is no sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations on any cash balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

The Trust has exposure to high yield bonds (3.5% of net assets (2017 - 8.3%)) and defaulted bonds (24.5% of net assets (2017 - 12.0%)) with no exposure to government bonds. Its bond investments tend to be affected more by changes in overall economic growth and company-specific fundamentals rather than changes in interest rates. Changes in interest rates do not directly affect the market value of defaulted bonds as the underlying issuers have stopped making interest payments and thus do not offer a yield component to the holder. However, the Trust's high yield bonds do have a degree of interest rate risk, which is summarized in the table below.

As at December 31, 2018, the Trust's exposure to interest rate sensitive debt instruments by maturity and the impact on its net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units if the yield curve is shifted in parallel by an increase of 25-basis-points ("bps"), holding all other variables constant sensitivity, would be as follows:

	 2018	2017
Market by maturity date*: 1 - 3 years	\$ 1,011,685	\$ 2,091,320
Sensitivity to 25 bps yield change increase or decrease net assets	\$ 2,298	\$ 9,006

^{*}Excludes cash, defaulted bonds and bonds to be converted to equity.

In practice, actual results may differ from the above sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(iii) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the market value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from credit risk, interest rate risk or currency risk). All investments represent a risk of loss of capital. The Investment Manager of the Trust moderates this risk through a careful selection and diversification of securities and other financial instruments within the limits of the Trust's investment objectives and strategy. The Trust's overall market positions are monitored on a regular basis by the Investment Manager.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

As at December 31, 2018, 37.9% (2017 - 47.7%) of the Trust's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units were invested in securities traded on North American stock exchanges. If security prices on the North American stock exchanges had increased or decreased by 10% as at the year end, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units could possibly have increased or decreased by approximately 3.8% (\$1,090,622) (2017 - 4.8% (\$1,195,503)). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(iv) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. In particular, the key concentration risk for the Trust is its exposure to any single security or issuer. As at December 31, 2018, the Trust held an investment in one bond which represented approximately 22.4% (2017 - 11.9%) on a fair value basis and 6.9% (2017 - 7.5%) on a cost basis of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. As at December 31, 2017, the Trust held an investment in one issuer's preferred and common shares, which represented approximately 14.5% on a fair value basis and 0.0% on a cost basis of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units.

10. Fair value measurements:

Financial instruments are measured at fair value using a three-tier hierarchy based on inputs used to value the Trust's investments. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

- Level 1 guoted prices (unadjusted) in public markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 dealer-quoted prices in over-the-counter markets for identical assets or liabilities, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The following tables present the Trust's financial instruments that have been measured at fair value, on a recurring basis:

2018	Level 1		Level 2			Level 3	Total	
Financial coasts at FV/TDL								
Financial assets at FVTPL:								
Bonds	\$	1,011,685	\$	596,379	\$	6,457,598	\$ 8,065,662	
Equities		9,894,455		1,908,398		1,230,646	13,033,499	
Warrants		_		84		_	84	
		10,906,140		2,504,861		7,688,244	21,099,245	
Foreign exchange contract		-		(161,685)		-	(161,685)	
	\$	10,906,140	\$	2,343,176	\$	7,688,244	\$ 20,937,560	

2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL: Bonds Equities Warrants	\$ 636,720 11,317,181 –	\$ - 1,795,054 176,831	\$ 4,455,797 5,023,560 –	\$ 5,092,517 18,135,795 176,831
_	\$ 11,953,901	\$ 1,971,885	\$ 9,479,357	\$ 23,405,143

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

The tables below show a reconciliation of the opening and closing balance of financial instruments recorded in Level 3:

	Beginning of year, January 1, 2018	ransfer from _evel 1	 nsfer from vel 2	Unrealized fair value gain (loss)	Sales, purchases, realized gains and other movements	End of year, December 31, 2018
Speciality Food						
	\$ 18,929	\$ _	\$ _	\$ (18,731)	\$ (198)	\$ -
Speciality Food						
Group LLC,						
Class 1 preferred shares	1,175,032			83,077	(1,258,109)	
Speciality Food	1,175,032	_	_	03,077	(1,230,109)	_
Group LLC,						
Class 2 preferred						
shares	2,439,481	_	_	1,960,029	(4,399,510)	_
Speciality Food						
Group LLC,						
Post closing					100.10=	400.40=
payment rights	_	_	_	_	196,137	196,137
GXI Acquisition Corp equity	1,126,500			(458,122)		668,378
Old PSG Wind	1,120,300	_	_	(430,122)	_	000,370
Down - equity	263,618	_	_	102.513	_	366,131
GuestLogix - debenture	19,558	_	_	19,650	(39,208)	_
Dealnet Capital	•			•	, , ,	
Corp debenture	1,454,600	_	_	295,400	(1,750,000)	_
Crystallex International						
Corp.	2,981,639	-	_	3,375,371	100,588	6,457,598
Total	\$ 9,479,357	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 5,359,187	\$ (7,150,300)	\$ 7,688,244

The Trust did not have any transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 included in the fair value hierarchy for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

	Beginning of year, January 1, 2017	Transfer from Level 1	Transfer from Level 2	Unrealized fair value gain (loss)	Sales, purchases, realized gains and other movements	De	End of year, cember 31, 2017
SFG - equity	\$ 5,406,026	\$ _	\$ _	\$ (2,848,464)	\$ (2,557,562)	\$	_
Speciality Food Group LLC Speciality Food	_	_	_	18,929	-		18,929
Group LLC, Class 1 preferred shares Speciality Food Group LLC,	_	-	-	1,175,032	-		1,175,032
Class 2 preferred shares	_	-	-	2,439,481	_		2,439,481
GXI Acquisition Corp equity Old PSG Wind	1,203,543	_	_	(77,043)	_		1,126,500
Down - equity GuestLogix - debenture	- 34,179	263,618 -	_ _	- 13,292	_ (27,913)		263,618 19,558
Dealnet Capital Corp debenture	_	_	_	_	1,454,600		1,454,600
Crystallex International Corp.	_	_	3,430,599	(448,960)	_		2,981,639
Total	\$ 6,643,748	\$ 263,618	\$ 3,430,599	\$ 272,267	\$ (1,130,875)	\$	9,479,357

During the year ended December 31, 2017, there was one transfer from Level 1 to Level 3 in the amount of \$263,618 as Old PSG Wind-Down Ltd. common shares were delisted. There was one transfer from Level 2 to Level 3 in the amount of \$3,430,599 as Crystallex International Corp. debentures were priced using the average of two bid quotes received for the security at December 31, 2017. Also, due to changes in market conditions for one bond investment, a quoted price in an active market became available and as such this investment was transferred from Level 2 to Level 1. The Trust did not have any other transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 included in the fair value hierarchy for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

The tables below set out information about significant unobservable inputs used as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 in measuring financial instruments categorized in Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Description	Fair value, December 31, 2018	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Input value	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs
Unlisted private equity	\$ 196,137	Expected future distributions	Post closing adjustment escrow claim/reserve amount		The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$15,221 or 8% for each 25% decrease (increase) in the claim/reserve amount. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 0.1%.
Unlisted private equity	668,378	Present value of expected future cash flows	Discount rate	30%	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$66,317 (\$58,679) or 10% (9%) for each 500 bps decrease (increase) in the discount rate. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 0.2%.
Unlisted private equity	366,131	Expected future distributions	Projected Parent Equity Interest distributions	\$0.52 per share	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$56,328 or 15% for each \$0.08 increase (decrease) in projected distributions per share. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 0.2%.
Defaulted bonds	6,457,598 \$ 7,688,244	Average of broker quotes and last price	Broker quote	\$106 - \$155 per \$100 face val	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$1,415,973 (\$1,054,043) or 22% (16%) using the high (low) end of the range. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 4.9% (3.7%).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

Description	Fair value, December 31, 2017	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs
Unlisted private equity investments	\$ 3,633,442	Present value of expected future Distributions received	EBITDA multiple	7.00x EBITDA No alternative assumption to disclose	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$268,878 or 7.4% for each 0.5x increase (decrease) in the EBITDA multiple. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 1.1%.
			Discount rate	10%	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$33,338 or 0.9% for each 100 bps decrease (increase) in the discount rate. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 0.1%.
Unlisted private equity investments	1,390,118	Not applicable	Transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted private bonds	1,454,600	Not applicable	Transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable
Defaulted bonds	2,981,639	Average of Broker quotes received	Broker quotes	\$45 - \$85 per \$100 face value	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) by \$917,427 or 30.8% Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase (decrease) by 3.7%.
Defaulted bonds	19,558 \$ 9,479,357	Not applicable	Monitor's estimate of final distribution	Not applicable	Not applicable

The Investment Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of the Trust, including Level 3 measurements. The Investment Manager obtains pricing for Level 3 financial instruments from third-party pricing sources, which is reviewed and approved by the Investment Manager.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

10. Fair value measurements (continued):

Financial instruments not measured at fair value:

(a) The cash and cash equivalents, interest and dividends receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, management and administrative fees payable and incentive fee payable are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recorded at amortized cost which carrying amounts approximate fair values.

Cash and cash equivalents and interest and dividends receivable include the contractual amounts for settlement of trades and other obligations due to the Trust. Accruals represent the contractual amounts and obligations due by the Trust for settlement of trades and expenses.

(b) The Trust's redeemable units are considered a residual interest in the assets of the Trust after deducting all of its liabilities. The redemption value of redeemable units is equal to net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as calculated in accordance with the Declaration of Trust. The units are redeemable annually, at the holders' option, for cash equal to the proportionate share of the Trust's net asset value attributable to the share class, as described in the Declaration of Trust and in note 5(c).

11. Capital disclosures:

The Investment Manager has policies and procedures in place to manage the capital of the Trust in accordance with the Trust's investment objectives, strategies and restrictions, as detailed in the Declaration of Trust. Information about the capital is described in the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and the Trust does not have externally imposed capital requirements.